NEW YEAR RECOGNIZED.

A BRILLIANT RECEPTION TO 1896 ATTHE WHITEHOUSE,

The Mansion Beautifully Decorated. The East floom a Veritable Tropical Forest Those Who Attended.

FLORAL DECORATIONS.

onservatories have been robbed of holicest possessions, but to such out that those whose observation

MRS. SMITH ABSENT.

The only absence from the Cabinet party was Mrs. Smith, wife of Secretary Coke Smith, of the Interior Department. Reaching the Ulus-Roum, the President and Mrs. Cleveland placed themselves at the right of the line, and the others were marged in accordance with official

were ranged in accardance with convergence of the march from the private apartments above stairs had been accompanied by music by the United States Marine Hand, under Professor Pancialli, which was stationed in the public lobby.

The ladies of the families of members of the Cabinst in the receiving line were Mrs. Other. Mrs., Carlisle, Mrs. Harmon, Mrs. Lamont, Mrs., Carlisle, Mrs. Harmon, Mrs. Lamont, Mrs., Carlisle, Mrs. Harmon, The numerous array of matrons and young ladies had been invited by Mrs. Cleveland to "stand behind the line," as the term is

as the term is.
These comprised wives and daughters of senators, representatives, justices of the Federal Supreme Court, assistant secretaries of executive departments, bureau officers, high officers of the army, and navy, and other prominent official triends of Mrs. Cleveland, not directly connected with official life.

According to custom, members of the diplomatic corps were first received, and they came in force, headed by their dean, 8th Julian Pauroefote, the tail and hear-

message to Congress on the Monroe doc-

and white-striped satin, trimmed with point lace and high in the neck, as were all the gowns of the members of the re-

ceiving party.

It was a matter of particular note that nearly all the members of the diplomatic body were accompanied by the ladies of their families, if they had any, or by the

and not.

MRS YANG-YU.

And it so happened that one of these women attracted more attention of the spectators than any male members of the foreign contingent, despite their red and blue, yellow and write coars and braid-side arms. She smiled sweetly on Mrs. Cleveland and then went smiling and bowing down the line, and continued to smile during her pussage to the Eastsmile during her passage to the East-Room, apparently wholly unconscious of the great interest she created.

She was Mrs. Yang-Yu, the wife of the

Chinese Minister, who found herself the cynname of all eyes. Wherever she went her passage was greeted with whilepers of "isn't she pretty?" "What heautiful sik." "What an odd head-dress."

Mrs. Yans-Yu was truly wonderfully titled from an American standards.

attired from an American standpoint, an the most wonderful thing of all about he attire was the head-dress referred to. sparkled with gems and shimmered in the soft light that came through the electric globes in the room. Silk of a most beautiful texture formed the gown, and Mrs. Yang-Yu could certainly have had the satisfaction of knowing that her these for the envy of all the same and ladies accompanying them left the White AFFAIRS IN TURKEY.

House shortly before noot, in order to partake of the annual diplomatic break-fast at Secretary Olney's. Flain black frock coars and btack

In the secretary of the

Among the corgressional contingent were Senators Sherman, Lodge, Carter, Morgan, Burrows, Squire, Hate, Proctor, and Shoup: Representatives Wheeler, of Alabama; Catchings, of Mississippi: McCiellan, of New York; Northway, of Obio; Pickler, of South Dakota; Lacey, of Iown; Hermann, of Oregon; Curtis, of New York; Cobb, of Alabama, and Washington, of Tennessee.

Interstate Commerce Commissioners, directors of the various public institutions, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, bureau chiefs of the Executive departments, and many others holding official positions, filed by in endless array.

Then came the army officers. Major-General Miles headed the line of his subordinates, making his first official appearance as the Major-General commanding the army, gorgqous in yellow sash and all the appurtenances. The army men turned out in full force-chiefs of the War Department bureaus, and officers line officers of detailed duty.

CABINET OFFICERS RECEPTION.

The reception of the Vice-President and Mrs. Stevenson was held at the Hotel Normandle from 2 to 5 o'clock.

THE CEPHALONIA STRANDED. She is flacked Off a Rock With Her Hold Full of Water.

LONISON, Jan. L.-The Cunard Line tenmer Cephalonia, Captain Seccombe

WORKING LIKE THE MAPIA.

Foreigners Bring Great Pressure to Re-

lease Ugly Assailants. POTTSTOWN, PA., Jan. J,-Burgess

George Matthews and George Lengrin, who are charged with attempting to kill Officer Join Wilauer, on Kunday night. They were taken to Norristown by Officer O'Connor.

The arrest of these men indicates the existence here of a secret society similar to the well-known Maila. A humber of large offers of money were made to Officer Willauer and the authorities by well-todo foreigneds in their chorts to hush up the matter and secure the prisoners' liberty.

It has since been learned that the third assulant was assisted to escape. The foreigners in this vicinity are greatly excited over the affair and are milling the offenders and ningering the officers in every way.

Southern Educational Association. HOT SPRINGS, ARK, Jan. 1.—The Southern Educational Association follow-ed the programme closely in its delibera-

tions to-day.

The features of the day's work were
the foresess of Superintendent N. C.
Dournerty, president of the National
Education Association, and William Harof Washington.

A Sheriff Bound, Cagged, and Robbed. ST. LOUIS, MO., Jan. L.—A special from Meriden, Miss., says that Sheriff Duval, of Jones countr, was found bound and sagged in his office and the safe robbed of \$5.00. He says a number of masked men did the lob.

women at the reception, attracted the did the leb.

Mon's share of attention and praise.

All the diplomatic officers and the pursuit.

the consuls at Aleppo.

Telegrams from Harpoot say that the government has put a stop to the work of relieving the needy and suffering at that place, which has been conducted through the missionaries.

On December 16th the Armenians in Callour mode a demand upon the Poris

Zeitoun made a demand upon the Ports for food with which to fued the Turkish prisoners in their hands. On December 20 the Sulfan insued an order that the food should be supplied.

During the massacre at Malatia, two Armenian members of the Governor's Council rushed into the presence of the Governor, and begged him to save their lives. The Governor refused to inter-pose in their behalf, and the men were killed by the guards in the Government

killed by the guards in the Government building.

The Turkish commission of six that were sent to pacify Armenia, have visited six cities, but refused to pay any attention to the written complaints of Armenians, but summoned the most prominent of the Armenians before them. The summons was obeyed, and the Armenian notables were blamed for causing all the trouble in Asia Minor, and threatened with death if quiet was not restored.

prominent men of the alossems before summoning the Armenians.

The Porte has made evasive replies to the foreign diplomats who have offered to mediate between the Turks and the Armenians for the surrender of Zeitoun, which place is now in the hands of the Armenians.

have been received.

posit and all guano proceeds for eight rears, amounting altogether to over tennilitons.

France immediately interposed a claim of priority for Dreyfus & Co., of Paris, who asserted that this guano had been a guarantes to them of a twenty-million france loan to Pero.

Under these circumstances the three Governments concerned agreed to leave the matter entirely to a tribunal, composed of three Justices of the Supreme Federal Court of Switzerland, including the Chief Justice, who should distribute the fund in the Bank of England.

The court met nearly a year ago and announced that it would receive petitions and evidence until April 30, 1835.

The American Minister at Borne notined the State Department of this fact, and Secretary Gresham, by vigorous action, succeeded in having the time extended to September 23th, and the inquiry broadened to include american claims can the Londreau case had already been fully presented to the Chilian Claims Commission, which met is Washington during the summer of 1884, but was not then considered, the tribunal deciding that it had no jurisdiction over the case.

When Secretary Grey came into the State Department he saw that the voluminous evidence and documents could not possibly be remiered into French as early as September 25th, syt it was alsointely as September 25th, by it was a serily as September 25th, by the was court were ordered in that language, and its rules provided that all decuments should be in Pench.

Secretary Oney secured a further decored.

orducted in that language, and its rules provided that all decuments should be in French.

Secretary Olney secured a further delay to December Mist, which the court stranted, but declared must be final. Every facility was offered the claimants by Secretary Olney, and the entire department's force of expert translators was assigned to the case and worked entit steadily for several menths.

Two weeks ago the evidence was printed, and the messenger with the copies left immediately for Switzerland, his passage had been engaged by the St. Paul, but on account of the exploded steam pipe on that vessel, he was compelled to take the Campania, and only arrived to Havre on Sunday last. Then began the race to Switzerland, resulting, as announced by to-day's cable, in the delivery of the documents to the court only a few hours ahead of the expiration of the final limit of time.

It is understood that the total amount to be distributed by the Swiss court will probably exceed \$7,000.000, which is about the figure of the Londrean claim, which is said to have priority over that of the French banker Dreyfus.

It is intimated that the action of Chili in withholding from the United States knowledge of the secret convention entered into for the distribution of a fund in which American claimants had so much interest calls for explanation.—Philadelphia Record.

A Missionary's Picture of the Massacres

A Missionary's Picture of the Massacres in and Near Haropot.

MOUNT MORRIS, N. Y., Jan. L.-A letter was received Sanday by Mrs. John Gorman from Rev. Orson P. Atlen, her brother, who has been a missionary at Harpoot, Armenia, since 1851. The fetter, which is dated fiarpoot, November 27th, describes in detail the massacres of Christians which have recently taken place in that part of Eastern Turkey, and also gives an account of the attack on Harpoot on November 11th by a hand of Kurcs, aided by the Turkish soldiers. The writer says:

"So far as we can learn, the larger part of Asia Minor, that is, the Christians in the control of the state of the control of the cont

AFFAIRS IN TURKEY.

THE TURKISH COMMISSION REFUND ATMICHED Mode
by the Sulina to Offers to
Nedgata Difference and
the death of Funds and Kurder
Estate Minister Terrell has received
the steath of Funds and Kurder
Till Hash which there persons were
liked. The tolograms also said that
there had been a shoody extreme a
till the scale of the structure of the transparence of the structure of the st

SENATE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE. A Free Coinage Substitute for the Bond Bill is Expected.

Bill is Expected.

WASHINGTON, Jan 1.—The Senate committee on Finance will hold its first meeting under the reorganization to-morrow. Although final action will not be taken on either the bond or tarin' bill recently passed by the House, some members of the committee will urge speedy action, and if possible, an immediate report.

DEATH ON THE RAIL.

A Newspaper Train Wrecked in Colorado. Rear-End Collision in St. Louis,

Rear-End Collision in St. Louis.

DENVER, Jan. L-A railroad race be tween two Denver papers to get their papers into Crippie Creek and Leadvall this morning resulted in a disaster. The contest was over two reads, the Midlan and Denver and Rio Grande. The trail over the latter road shartly after o'clock, when within four miles of Lead ville, and going very fast, jumped the track on a curve, the engine crashing his the Malta Station and carrying it entirely navay.

way.

rry Hartman, the tireman, was in
fly killed, and John Baker, the engidied within an hour.

th trains were hearing their haver
a few miles apart then the seciden
rred.

only a lew miles spair when the accident occurred.

"I LOUIS MO, Jan. 1.—A rear-end collision occurred between Wabash Passenger No. 2 and the Diamond Special, os the Vandalia Hilmois Central, in the tunnel, at 9.05 last night.

Fireman Henry Rothweller, aged twenty-seven, of the Terminal Association, was scalded to death, and Engineer Minton White, aged twenty-seven, and J. G. Chambers, express messenger, were injured. The wreck was caused by the Wabash train slowing up at a curve in the tunnel.

Wabash train slowling up at a curve in the tunnel.

The Illinois Central train was close behind, going at a rapid rate, and just as it entered the curve, it dashed into the rear of the Wabash train.

White was tadly bruised about the arms and head, and Chambers was bruised and asphyxiated.

The rear sleeper of the Wabash train, was badly damaged, but did not leave the track, and the train proceeded. The other train was not so fortunate. The locomotive and baggage-car were derailed, and had to wait for outside assistance before they could be moved.

THE DUCHESS IS NOT ILL.

Emphatic Dental of a Report Concerning

Emphatic Denial of a Report Concerning the Lady.

ROME, Jan. 1.—Jiany Inquiries were cabled here regarding the condition of the Duchess of Mariborough, nee varies here in the Duchess of Mariborough, nee valuederbilt, the anxiety regarding her asveing heen caused by a cable dispatch from London in a New York news-oper stating that she was very in with typhoid-fever in this city. The act is inat the Duchess is not ill with typhoid-fever or any other disease.

The Duke of Mariborough and ris brids arrived here on December 11d, and the Duchess has enjoyed excellent health while in this city. The course visited Rome for the purpose of seems the antiquities, and they have been may sight-seeing every day of their visit. To-day the weather was wet and willay, yet these conditions did not pre-mut the Duke and Duchess from going out, and they spent considerable time or imponaing. The Duke and Duchess from going out, and they spent considerable time or imponaing. The Duke and Duchess will remain in Rome for ten days longer.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Jan. 1.—Congress-man Albert S. Berry, of the Sixth dis-trict, is announced as a condidate for the Democratic nomination for United States

grave questions of international policy, clearly state its position, as being always in favor of the loyal maintenance of the right and dignity of the Government of the United States.

"It is our clear conviction that arbitration is the true, logical, intelligent, hamane, and honorable method of settling differences expecially between the great

mane, and honorable method of settling differences, especially between the great Christian nations of the world.

"That is conformity, as we believe, with the views of the people of this State, we are of the opinion that an arbitrary determination of any European power to fix the boundaries of its territory on the American continent so as to encroach on any neighbor would be an invasion of the rights of the people of the country affected, and involve a violation of the essential principles of the Monroe dectrine.

Monroe doctrine.
"That to avoid the risk of erroneous' conclusions about matters which the President has declared still open to in-

amine all the facts in the Venezuelan dispute.

"That, realizing the waste of precious life, the wreck of financial prospectry, and the horrors which would be the inevitable result of an armed conflict between England and the United States, we believe that every honorable means of settling any possible differences should be resorted to and exhausted before the amicable relations between these two amicable relations between these two great nations, which to-day stand before the world for the most advanced civili-zation, should be broken."

In the Assembly Mr. O'Grady offered the memorial, which was the same as that offered in the Sanate. Mr. O'Grady spoke on the question. It was a time when the people would fully endorse the

canor san the resolution was obscure in that it did not refer to the message of President Cleveland, which has the world-wide Venezuelan discussion. THE SPEAKERS.

Senator Elloworth said that the resolu-tion endorsed all of the policy of the Government, which was for the benefit of

when to do honor to President Cleveland, who had sounded the most patriotle note of fifty years.

Mr. Elisworth declared, that the resolutions fully endorsed the principles of the Monroe doctrine.

Senator Cantor retorted that the Republican majority in the Senate wished to go contrary to the Congress of the United States.

The original memorial was then adopted unanimously.

GOVERNOR MORTON'S MESSAGE.

The message of Governor Morion, sent to the Legislature to-day, deals most exclusively with State questions. Upon the vital Venezuelan incident ne says.

"The doctrine formulated by President Mouroe, and which has since borne his name, has become so well established in American national policy that there is no room, for doubt as to the opinion of our people concerning it. New York now has a boundation nearly equal to that of the entire Union when Mr. Monroe became President, and our peculiar geographical position, the location within our borders of the American metropolis, and the vast and complicated commercial interests of our State, justify as in feeling an especial concern in the present unhappy agitation. Any disturbance of the existing friendly relations between the United States and Great Britain cannot fail to have a serious effect. Because of the possible baleful consequences of such disturbances, I deem myself justified in making this reforence to the larger affairs of the bation, in which we feel such a peculiar and vital interest.

"I cannot believe that the relations between our country and Great Britain will be ruptured or seriously impaired by the

cast for Thursday:

For Virginia: Fair; warmer; southwesttween our country and Great Britain with
the ruptured or seriously impaired by the
misunderstanding now existing between
that country and Venezuela concerning
the proper location of the boundary line
of their possessions in South America. Arbitration affords a simple, humane, and
peaceful method of determining a dispute,
and it is scarcely conceivable at this peried of the world's history that any great
nation is willing to take the responsibility
of the sacribce of human life and the
wanton Gestruction of property which
would be the inevitable result of an armed conflict.

The Governor congratulates the State
on its contributory success of the Atianta
Exposition, and hopes that it will not
fall to do as much for the Mexican Exposition next September.

ANOTHER SENATE

BOSTON, MASS, Jan. 1.—In the Senate
to-day Mr. Southard (Rep.), offered the
following resolutions, which were referred to the Committee on Rules:

"Whereas the course of public events"

Cast for Thursday:
For Virginia: Fair; warmer; southwesterly winds.

For North Carolina and South Carolina;
Their has been a sudden and snarp
rise in pressure in the Northwest.
The passage is also higher along the Atlantic coast, but has failen in the Atlantic coast, distinct and the Southern Recky
mountain regions.

A cold wave nas developed in the
Northwest and will advance eastward
to the Mississippi to-morrow and southerward to kansas and Missour.

Light snows are reported at a tew
seathered points in the Northwest, and
in most cases accompanied by nigh winds.

Fair weather is indicated throughout
the East and South Carolina
The lower and southern Rocky
missippi Valley and Southern Rocky
mountain regions.

A cold wave nas developed in the
lake regions in the Northwest, and
to the Mississippi to-morrow and souther
ward to Kansas and Missour.

Light snows are reported at a tew
secutered points in the Northwest, and
in most cases accompanied by nigh winds.

Fair wateries war in the Northw

tured a purse, the other races going to a couple of second choices and two rank outsiders.

The New-Year's handicap was, of course, the chief feature of the day, and was captured by Roller's entry, Lâllian E., taking first and Nikata third money. Langdon and Prig went to the post favorities at 4 to 1 each, but neither one cut much of a figure in the race.

Domingo was away first to a start and led to the back stretch, where Nikata went to the front and set a hot pace to the stretch Here Lillian and Squire G. drew alongside, but Lillian soon had the other two beaten, and won by half a length. Squire G. was second, the same distance before Nikata.

Bittsen, the old Guttenburg iron horse, got up and won the last race by a neck from Nicolini.

Donation wen the first by a neck, Miss Rowell romped home in the second race, and won by three lengths, and Captain Kidd the favorite, did the same in the third race. The air was a trifle cool and the track bad. Summaries:

First race—seven and a half furiongs, selling.—Donation (IIS, Tabor, 3 to 1) first, Saunterne second, Delcoronado third. Time, 1:41:1-4.

Second race—seven turiongs, purse.—Miss Rowell (107, Ham, 4 to 1) first, Miss Clark second, Invade third. Time, 1:31. Third race—mile and an eighth, selling.—Captain Kidd (62, Murphy, 5 to 2) first, Clarus second, Dr. Park third. Time, 2:00:1-4.

Fourth race—mile, purse \$750, New-Year's handicap.—Lillian E. (93, Hather-shall, 15 to 1) first, Squire G. second, Nikata third. Time, 1:46 1-4. Fifth race—seven and a half furlongs, seiling—Biltzen (112, Hinkey, 72 to 1) first, Nicolini second, Lawless third. Time, 1:39 3-4.

out a scrap of paper as security, to be repaid whenever Licht found it convenient, if he would vote for the amended street-railway ordinance. Mr. Licht said there was no doubt as to Mr. Johnson's intentions. fered to lean him \$6,000 yesterday, with-

and some sensational developments are expected.

Iton, Tom. L. Joinson was called up in Cleveland this norming regarding Alderman Licht's statement. Mr. Johnson denied the boodle part, but acknowledged having bad a talk over the matter of street-radway franchises, in which Licht's vote was asked.

WANTS TO FIGHT A DUEL.

Albert German Takes Offence at Being Requested to Leave a Club Reception.

ATLANTA, GA., Jan. 1.—Albert German, who claims to be highly connected in Paris, handed his card in at the Capital City Club reception last night to Dan W. Rountree. German intimated a desire to meet Rountree outside of Georgia. Rountree had met German, and, under the impression that he was an important member of Parisdan society, gave him at card to the club. German and his brother appeared at the reception with a and investors in this country. ntree. German intimated a desire if Rountree outside of Georgia. The last met German, and, under ression that he was an important of Parisfan society, gave him to the club. German and his appeared at the reception with a whom they introduced as Mrs. rman.

man whom they means were an German were configured to withdraw from the club, and asked Rountree for an explanation, such the declined to give. Therespon Alert claims that he has fought four Albert claims that he has fought four contents and wants to try another. Albert claims that he has fought four darkian diels and wants io try another tountres will not make any statement hout the matter. It is nid, though, that e concluded he had made a mistake in tring German a card to the club. Rountres was mixed up in an affair inth Dr. Wills Westmoreland, in the mains, New York, about a year ago, nd a duel was looked for, but did not

German claims to be an intimate friend I John Wanamaker.

---A Child's Ride to Save Her Father, A Child's Ride to Save Her Father,
AUGUSTA, KY, San, 1.—Henry Morgan, who lives ten miles from here, thinking cobbers were on his premises Sunday night, attempted to take down his guand in doing so shot himself. The builet cut a vein and Morgan was in danger of bleeding to death. The mother is dead, and the oldest girl is an invalid. Kate, the thirteen-year-old daughter, assisted her sick stater to her father's side, where with pieces of cloth and her feeble strength she stayed the flow of blood. Then Kate got out a horse and rade to Augusth, reaching it at midnight. It was raining, and she was soaking wet, but the moment she found a physician she started back, and beat the doctor twenty minutes. The father's life was saved.

LONDON, Jan. 1.—The British cruiser Dallas has been put into commission at Portsmouth and ordered to join the North American station. The Dallas is a steel screw vessel of 5,575 tons. She carries eight guns and a crew of 217 men.

Wholesale Arrests, COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan 1.—A special from Greenwood says twenty-eight citi-zens have been arrested there on war-rants sworn out by a dispensary consta-ble. All is quiet.

WEATHER FORECAST.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 1.-Fore-ast for Thursday: For Virginia: Fair; warmer; southwest-

the commission, was born in Smyras, Asia Minor, in 1837, his father at that time being one of the American missionaries in that part of the world. He is a graduate of Yale, and a nephew of David Dudley Fleid, in whose office, in New York city, Judge Brewer was a law student. In the year 1838 Judge Brewer removed from New York city to the West, where he engaged in the practice of his profession, in Kansas City, Mo., and afterwards in Leavenworth, Kan. He has also occupied various important posiprofession, in Kansas City, Mo., and afterwards in Leavenworth, Kan. He has also occupied various important positions, including those of judge of the first judicial court of the State of Kansas, and from 1870 until 1831 filling the office of judge of the Kansas Supreme Court. Judge Brewer has also taken great interest in educational affairs, and was at one time president of the Kansas Board of Education. In politics, he has been a Republican. He was appointed associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, for the Eighth Circuit, by President Harrison, in 1839.

DANIEL GILLMAN.

Fourth race—mile, purse \$750, New-Year's handicap.—Lillian E. (93, Hathershall, 16 to 1) first, Squire G. second, Nikata third. Time, 1:36 1-4.

Fitth race—seven and a half forlongs, selling—Hiltzen (H2, Hinkey, T2 to 1) first, Nicolini second, Lawless third.

Time, 1:39 3-4.

CORRUPTION CHARGED.

Tom L. Johnson Accused of Offering a Eribe to a Councilman.

DETROIT, MICH., Jan. 1.—There is much talk of boodle in connection with the new ordinance which was passed by the Common Council, giving the Detroit Street-Railway Company a new franchise running for thirty years. One of the stories was to the effect that there is \$70,000 in the pool.

Alderman Frank Licht, of the Sixthward, says that Tom. L. Johnson, president of the Street-Railway Company, offered to lean him \$6,000 yesterday, without a scrap of paner as security, to be a strant of paner as security to be a strant of paner as security to be a strant of succession and settlement of the strantant of the strantant of the strantant of the strantant of the succession and extensive traveler in Europe, where an extensive traveler in Europe, where a

ANDREW D. WHITE.

Andrew Dickson White, of New York, is also distinguished as an educator. Ho is a native of New York, having been born at Homer, in that State, in November, 1812. He is of New England parentage, and a graduate of Yale University. He was president of the Republican State Convention of New York in October, 1876, and was Minister to Germany from 1879 to 1885. He was also one of the commissioners to Santo Domingo.

Mr. White was for a brief period university with the Minister to St. Petersburg, FREDERICK R. COUDERT.

FREDERICK R. COUDERT. FREDERICK R. COUDERT.

Frederic R. Coudert is the head of the law firm of Coudert Brothers, of New York city. He has a world-wide reputation as an advocate and authority on international law. He served with distinction on the Behring Sea Commission, and was complimented by the President of the French Republic for his speeches before the commission, and was entertained at the palace.

and investors in this country.

JUDGE ALVEY.

Judge Richard Henry Alvey is a native of Maryland. He was on the Judiciary Committee of the Constitutional Convention of 1857, and was elected chief judge of the Fourth circuit under the new Constitution, and was re-elected in 1852. Me was designated by Governor Hamilton as chief justice of the Court of Appeals of Maryland to succeed Judge Bartow. This place he resigned to accept the office of Chief Justice of the Federal Court of Appeals in the District of Columbia. This court had just been created by act of Congress, and President Cleveland strongly urged Judge Alvey to take the place of Chief Judge and organize the new court. Upon the death of Chief Justice Walte, during Mr. Cleveland's first term, some of the justices of the Supreme Court who had been impressed with the opinions delivered by Judge Alvey on the appellate bench of Maryland, urged the President to appoint him Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court. This the President was disposed to do, but, it is understood, was deterred by the fact, so it is said, that Judge Alvey is a southern man, and it was feared for that place to go to the South might create prejudice. and investors in this country. JUDGE ALVEY.

WILL ACCEPT.

WILL ACCEPT.

Mr. Cleveland has not yet informed the appointees of the Venezuelan commission, but he has assurances that they would accept if tendered them.

It is stated that because Justice Brewer's name appears first on the list does not necessarily mean that that gentleman will be chairman of the commission. The selection of the presiding officer will be left to the commission itself when an organization is effected.

It is the President's intention to have the commission meet as soon as possible, but from information to-night he has not yet decided when to call the preliminary meeting.

TREATY OF 1885. LONDON, Jan. 1.—The Chronicle te-morrow will print an article saying that it has learned on the highest authority that Earl Granville in 1886 virtually con-cluded with President Blanco a treaty containing an arbitration clause covering the Venezuelan international boundary

the Venezuelan international boundary dispute.

The Marquis of Salisbury, on coming that power in the same year, virtually ancelled this clause by limiting the provisions of the treaty to commercial questions. Nothing could have been more unfortunate, says the Chronicle, inasmuch as the boundary dispute was on the eve of a permanent settlement.

The Chronicle adds that it is convinced by careful researches that there is debatable land both north and south of the Schamburgk line, and that it would be a grave error to imagine that rigid insistance oo the Schamburgk line and a declaration that there is no ground for arbitration constitute the essence of the Boglish case.

PARIS, Jan. 1.—The Patafet. In an erticle treating of the Venezuelan disputs between Great Britain and the United and Russia might intervene to estile trouble.